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# The Courier-Journal.

CIRCULATION  
MORE THAN ANY OTHER MORNING  
PAPER IN THE SOUTH.

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LOUISVILLE, WEDNESDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 20, 1901.—TWELVE PAGES.

PRICE THREE CENTS.  
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**The Weather.**  
The weather forecast for Wednesday and Thursday:  
Kentucky and Tennessee—Fair Wednesday and Thursday; north to east winds.  
Indiana—Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday; variable winds.

## THE LATEST.

County Judge J. C. B. Hall, of Hopkins county, will to-day issue an order directing the union miners encamped in the county to disperse at once. Judge Hall issued a statement yesterday, in which he said that he regarded the armed bodies of men in the county as a menace to the community. If his commands are not obeyed, State troops will be called on to enforce the order and the union camps will be forcibly disbanded.

Four hundred union miners from different sections of the Indiana coal fields made an attack upon the non-union miners employed at the Prospect-Hill mines near Vincennes, Ind., yesterday morning, and as a result two men were fatally hurt and six others were seriously wounded. The house of the foreman of the mine was entered and the foreman, his wife and children and his brother-in-law were brutally assaulted.

The annual banquet of the Chamber of Commerce of New York was held last evening. The principal speakers were Secretary of State Hay, who spoke on diplomacy; Senator McLaughlin, of North Carolina, who spoke on the Monroe doctrine of the Twentieth century, calling it the McKinley doctrine, and Governor-elect Cummins, of Iowa.

A farewell message from the retiring Mayor, Charles P. Weaver, reviewing his administration, was sent to the General Council last night. It appears in full in the Courier-Journal this morning. Among other things, he declares his belief that the Board of Safety and Board of Public Works should be abolished.

Charles F. Grainger was inaugurated Mayor of Louisville at noon yesterday, succeeding Charles P. Weaver. Shortly afterward Mr. Grainger announced his first appointments—Thomas P. Craig, to be his private secretary, and John H. Weller, to be a member of the Board of Public Works.

The annual report of the Internal Revenue Commissioner for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1901, shows that the collections in Kentucky during that period amounted to \$28,151,205.88. The internal revenue receipts for the entire country exceeded those of last year by about \$11,555,561.

Gov. Varnant, of Minnesota, has sent a special messenger to find Attorney General Douglas, who is on a hunting trip, summoning him to St. Paul in order to consult with him regarding measures to prevent the Northwestern railroad combine.

President Roosevelt revoked an order of President McKinley yesterday by which about 1,600 civilians in the quartermaster's, medical and engineer service of the War Department are again brought under the civil service rules.

The thickest fog ever experienced in Chicago caused numerous collisions in that city yesterday morning. Two men were killed, two were probably fatally injured and fifteen persons were seriously hurt.

Four mysterious graves near Decatur, Ala., have been opened and found to contain much antique silverware, china and gold. The graves antedated the memory of the oldest man in the community.

The heirs of Charles Bazille, a pioneer settler of St. Paul, Minn., are preparing to take possession of the old Minnesota capitol and grounds as soon as the State offices are removed.

The Kentucky State Bar Association was organized in Louisville yesterday with Mr. W. H. Mackey, of Covington, as president and a vice president from each Appellate district.

The negroes of Jacksonville, Fla., will organize a stage line on account of the ordinance prohibiting them from riding in the same street cars with white people.

The Hardwick bill providing for the disfranchisement of negroes has been killed for the second time in the Georgia House of Representatives.

Two dead and another beyond recovery is the record of Sunday's fight at the Providence mines in Webster county.

A negro who assaulted and robbed a white man in Alabama has been sentenced to be hanged in Birmingham.

Over 800 cases of bubonic plague are reported in the vicinity of Cape Town. There have been 250 deaths.

The eighth annual meeting of the National Fox Hunters' Association was begun yesterday at Irvine.

President Roosevelt's message is said to be the longest presidential message ever written.

J. Pierpont Morgan is said to be negotiating for one of the largest British ship yards.

The new committees of the General Council were announced last night.

## UNION CAMPERS MUST DISPERSE. INDIANA MINERS TRY VIOLENCE.

**Vigorous Methods At Last  
To Suppress Law-  
lessness**

**IN HOPKINS COAL FIELD.**

**County Judge Hall Takes  
Determined Stand.**

**WILL ISSUE ORDER TO-DAY.**

**TROOPS WILL BE CALLED ON TO  
ENFORCE COMMAND IF UNION  
MEN HESITATE TO OBEY.**

**CITIZENS TO BE PROTECTED.**

Madisonville, Ky., Nov. 19.—[Special.]—After having secured a large amount of sworn testimony, County Judge J. C. B. Hall to-night decided to issue a vigorous policy with reference to the Hopkins county mining trouble, and to-morrow he will order the complete breaking up of all strikers' camps in the county. If the order is not obeyed within a prescribed time he will call upon Adj. Gen. Murray to make his order effective. Judge Hall has reached the firm conviction that such an order as he proposes to issue is the only remaining remedy for the disturbed condition of affairs. The following is an exclusive authorized statement which he gave to the Courier-Journal correspondent as to his decision:

**Judge Hall's Statement.**

"Time for argument over the Hopkins county coal strike has passed. The situation has now become so complicated that many citizens have lost sight of the merits and demerits of the respective sides and are disgusted with the existing state of affairs. They look to the proper authority to put an end to all, regardless of the never-ending contentions with innumerable charges and counter-charges.

"With the purpose of carrying out my



A MINER'S WIFE.

settled conviction, to-morrow I shall issue an order, as County Judge, requiring any and all camps in Hopkins county to be disbanded, and that order must be obeyed to the letter. I shall fix a reasonable time in which my order shall be obeyed, and I shall not hesitate a moment in exercising all the prerogatives and powers of my office in seeing that it is obeyed with strict promptness.

**Forbearance Not a Virtue.**

"Forbearance has ceased to be a virtue. Patiently I have waited, even when importuned by many of the most substantial citizens to hasten action. But I wanted to be sure. I wanted to give all sides the fullest opportunity to prove by their deeds the sincerity of their words. Without attempting to fix the primary responsibility for the lawlessness in the county, I am absolutely certain that all law-abiding citizens will support me in the assertion that either the one party or the other has not kept good faith, that the mere presence of the State troops has not eradicated the source of the evil, while costing the taxpayers thousands of dollars, and that it is now my duty to take decisive action.

**Enough of Experiments.**

"The problem that confronted me was as to what action should be taken. I have tried several experiments and the



HOW THE GUARDS ARE PLACED IN STOCKADES ABOUT THE REINECKE MINES.

**MILITIA MASTER OF SITUATION, YET  
MINERS FEAR RETURN TO WORK.**

**Slope Miners At Providence Are Still Idle—Leader of  
the Attack of Sunday Still Unknown.**

Madisonville, Ky., Nov. 19.—[Special.]—There has been no sign of disorder reported from any part of the strike region to-day. A detachment of twenty men under the command of Capt. Walter Powers is stationed at the Slope mine, the scene of last Sunday's fight, and no further trouble is looked for. Morton Bush, the nonunion negro miner wounded in the battle Sunday, died this morning as the result of his injuries. Couch, the union miner shot, is in a serious condition, and cannot possibly recover. The condition of the other wounded men is as good as could be expected.

The identity of the leader of the attacking party, who was seen to fall during the battle, but was carried from the field by his companions, remains a mystery.

Recent trouble is proof positive of their utter failure. My course is now clear. There is but one thing I can do, and that is to rid the county of any and all assemblages of men that threaten its peace and good order.

"To be specific, to-morrow I shall act upon sworn proof which I have been gathering for several days, and shall order the complete breaking up of the union miners' camp at Nortonville, the only one now in the county, and shall not permit the men to reassemble as long as I remain in office, which is until January 1, 1902.

**Camps a Menace.**

"This is absolutely the only move I can make that would promise any results. Any other line of action would be useless. The only remedy is to break up the camps or else let lawlessness drift from bad to worse. By beginning at the camps I do not mean to designate the union men as primarily responsible. That is not a matter for me to determine just now. But I am fortified with the evidence to prove that men in the union camps, whether with or without the sanction of those in charge is immaterial, have been the most active participants in nearly all the recent outbreaks. If those in charge of the camps are acquainted with the facts they are equally guilty; if not, then it is clear that they are harboring some lawless men whom they are not able



A TYPICAL UNION ORGANIZER.

to control. In either case the camp is equally a menace to peace and good order in the county, and I shall use all the authority I possess to carry out my purposes.

"When there are no more camps in Hopkins county the mine operators will have no excuse to do any of the things they have been charged with doing. They cannot say that an armed band of men stands ready to swoop down upon them at any moment to kill their employees and destroy their property. The necessity for county guards will also be done away with, though, of

No effort was made to work at the Slope mines to-day. The shaft mines were at work, but with a badly crippled force. Most of the negroes are still badly frightened over Sunday's affair, and the more timid remain from work, fearing a repetition. But the military authorities are complete masters of the situation, and the management expects to have a full force at work as soon as the excitement dies down.

The civil authorities of Webster county are making determined efforts to discover the names of all the persons implicated in the attack. Many of the men implicated are already known, and a number of arrests will soon follow. Another negro who is thought to have been a member of the attacking party was arrested to-day while making for the Union county line. When arrested a rifle was found in his possession.

**The Evidence Secured.**

Judge Hall has been busy all day securing sworn evidence as to the situation, and while he would not go into



A TYPICAL UNION ORGANIZER.

the details it was learned that the numerous affidavits he secured are to the effect that the men who made the recent attack on the Providence mines went from and returned to the union camps at Nortonville; that well-known citizens have been held up on the public highways by men from the camp, besides other matters of a similar import. He expects to prepare his order by to-morrow at noon, and he said to-night that there was no probability of his changing his mind; that his purpose was fixed and no man could charge him with having acted hastily, as he had been waiting for months. He said it was plain to every one that a mere disarmament was not sufficient, that plan having failed.

**Gen. Murray's Course.**

In the camp at Nortonville are nearly two hundred men with about 100 guns, and the men are drilled regularly just as soldiers are. Adj. Gen. Murray was asked what course he would pursue after Judge Hall issued his order. He said "I am subject to Judge Hall's orders, and, of course, if he calls upon me and my men to assist him it will be our duty to obey. We were sent (Concluded On Fourth Page.)

**Nonunion Men At Vin-  
cennes Brutally As-  
saulted.**

**TWO ARE FATALLY WOUNDED.**

**Mine Foreman and His  
Family Attacked.**

**WIFE AND CHILDREN SUFFER.**

**WOMAN STRUCK AND LITTLE SON  
AND DAUGHTER KNOCKED  
DOWN BY ASSAILANTS.**

**DESPERATE THREATS MADE.**

Vincennes, Ind., Nov. 19.—[Special.]—Four hundred armed union coal miners from Washington, Cannelburg, Petersburg, Princeton and Montgomery arrived here at an early hour this morning, and at 5 o'clock made an attack upon the nonunion miners employed at the Prospect-Hill mines, near this city. As a result two men are fatally hurt and six others are seriously injured.

The union miners formed at the union station and marched to the mines. Just as the men of the day shift were going to work they were attacked by an overwhelming force, and were forced to retreat after a number of them had been roughly handled.

**Attack On the Foreman.**

The union miners then asked for William Scott, the foreman of the mines, and when told that he was in bed said: "All right; we'll get him." They immediately started for Mr. Scott's home, and began to throw rocks at the house and to fire through the windows. After a short while they succeeded in forcing an entrance, and although Mr. Scott and his family defended themselves bravely, they were powerless to resist the attack.

Mr. Scott was badly beaten about the head and face, and W. P. Collins, an attorney of Washington, a brother-in-law of Scott, who was visiting him, sustained injuries that may prove fatal. He had a rib broken and an eye badly injured.

Henry Hannery, a miner, was so badly beaten by the union men that he had to be removed to the city. His wounds may cause his death.

**Woman and Children Assaulted.**

Mrs. Scott was slapped in the face, and when she resisted the attack, it is alleged that one of the men drew a revolver and told her he would make short work of her if she persisted in her foolishness. Otis Scott, the fifteen-year-old son, and Dottie, the ten-year-old daughter of Mrs. Scott, were knocked down by the attacking party. Others who suffered at the hands of the raiders were Robert McDaniel, Posey Knight, John Scott and Kenner Marx. All were badly bruised about the head and face.

It is said there that no word was spoken to Scott until the fight began. In the fight the stove was knocked over and a big hole burned in the floor. The house was badly damaged. Almost every window was broken and one of the doors was battered down.

**Union Men's Threats.**

Only forty men are employed and the mine is run on the co-operative plan, and independently. The operators claim they cannot pay the union scale and continue operations, but they pay the highest price possible, and in some instances exceed the scale prices. They claim to mine from fifty to sixty tons a day and thereby they are able to give a few men employment. The union miners declare they will unionize these mines or force them to close.

**ROYALTY HAS SOME  
TROUBLES OF ITS OWN.**

**Grand Duke and Duchess of Hesse To  
Be Divorced On Grounds of  
"Personal Aversion."**

London, Nov. 19.—Truth to-morrow will say that the hereditary Prince of Hohenlohe-Langenburg and the Princess of Hohenlohe-Ospringen, visited Emperor William at Potsdam, November 15, and acquainted him with the fact that the Grand Duke and Grand Duchess of Hesse would be divorced on the ground of "insuperable personal aversion," all efforts to arrange a modus vivendi having failed.

LOUISVILLE'S NEW MAYOR.



CHARLES F. GRAINGER

**THE EXPORTATIONS OF GOLD  
CAUSING NO UNEASINESS**

**Secretary Gage Regards the Movement As a Natural  
Result of the Demand For Money In Europe  
and Is Not Apprehensive.**

Washington, Nov. 19.—Treasury officials feel no apprehension whatever on account of the exportations of gold. Secretary Gage to-day said he would not make at this time any statement in regard to the matter, but it is known that he regards the shipments as a very natural movement in view of the general demand for money in Europe, and he believes there is nothing in the situation to cause the least uneasiness.

On the contrary, Treasury officials say that the business affairs of Europe within the last few years have become so intimately connected with our own that a monetary stringency or disturbance of any character there should be deplored and, if possible, relieved for the common good.

**Unusual Demand.**

At this time there is an unusual demand for money in several European financial centers, and it is to be expected, it is said, that United States investors would take advantage of the increases in interest rates and ship

their funds to the best market. The officials do not believe, however, that the shipments will assume very large proportions, especially as any considerable withdrawals would so increase rates at home as to make foreign shipments unprofitable.

**Thursday's Shipment Decreased.**

Of the \$1,000,000 gold ordered early to-day at the assay office for shipment on Thursday, \$500,000 has been cancelled, leaving \$500,000. Thaitman & Co. the only shippers so far announced. The big North German Lloyd line's Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, which sailed for Europe to-day, carried in her treasure room coin and bar gold valued at more than \$7,000,000. It was carefully stowed away in oak casks and iron-bound boxes and was under seal in the specie room. It was the largest sum ever sent across the Atlantic in a single steamer, but represented the engagements made by the larger financial houses of New York since the final shipment of last week. Most of the gold goes to meet foreign obligations not paid by balances.

**SIXTEEN HUNDRED MEN  
RESTORED TO CIVIL SERVICE**

**President Roosevelt Revokes An Order of President  
McKinley Affecting Civilians of the  
War Department.**

Washington, Nov. 19.—President Roosevelt has issued an order amending the civil service regulations so as to return to the civil service a number of civilian places in the War Department excepted by executive order on May 23, 1899. To-day's order is at the request of Secretary Root, and it affects about 1,600 people in the Quartermaster's, Medical, Engineer and Engineer-at-large Departments.

Following are the positions now brought back into the civil service: Medical Department—Chief packer, packer or assistant packer. Quartermaster's Department—Trainmaster, chief packer, foreman packer, packmaster, master baker, foreman of bakers, superintendent of stables, forage masters.

Ordnance Department—Foreman, assistant foreman, forage master, weigher, skilled laborer, guard or employee engaged on piece work.

Engineers' Department—At large, sub-inspector, overseer, suboverseer, superintendent, master, locomotive, assistant superintendent of camels, chief deputy inspector, deputy inspector, rodman, stakeman, chairman, foreman, timekeepers, locomotive, assistant locomotive, conductor, stockkeeper, foragekeeper, lightkeeper, boardmaster, sub foreman, master laborer, gauge reader, steward, dam tender, assistant dam tender, helper, carpenter's helper, machinist, helper, quartermaster, blacksmith's helper, climber, bargemaster, recorder of vessels, track men, gardener, assistant gardener, weigher.

No regulations ever have been issued by the Secretary of War regarding these positions, thus leaving the legal status of appointees somewhat in doubt.

Two rival associations will continue appeals. Washington McKinley Memorial Refuses To Take a Back Seat At Mark Hanna's Request.

Washington, Nov. 19.—The William McKinley National Memorial Arch Association having received from the association for the erection of a McKinley monument at Canton, O., a request that it suspend its appeal to the public for contributions until the fund deemed necessary for the erection and maintenance of the Canton monument was secured, has determined that it would be impracticable to do so, because the indefinite delay involved would mean the defeat of its purpose. It is stated, however, that in its desire to work in harmony with the association for the erection of the Canton monument, believing that both memorials should be and

**SWORN IN.**

**Charles F. Grainger Mayor  
of Louisville.**

**SIGNS OATH OF OFFICE.**

**Inaugural Ceremonies  
Brief and Simple.**

**MAKES TWO APPOINTMENTS.**

**WELLER NAMED AS MEMBER OF  
BOARD OF WORKS, T. P. CRAIG  
PRIVATE SECRETARY.**

**FLOWERS FOR THE AFFLICTED.**

In the presence of members of the General Council, city and county officials and numerous citizens, Charles F. Grainger was inaugurated yesterday Mayor of Louisville to succeed Charles P. Weaver. The oath of office was administered by Judge Emmet Field, of the Common Pleas Division of the Circuit Court. Just as the big clock in the City Hall struck 12 the new Mayor, with his hand uplifted, swore to the oath read from the Constitution. Bursts of applause followed.

The inaugural ceremonies took place in the chamber of the Board of Councilmen.

By 11 o'clock the Council chamber and the corridor of the City Hall were filled with people, representing all classes of the city's population. The Council chamber was artistically decorated with potted plants, ferns and floral offerings in nearly every imaginable design. Seats were reserved for the ladies and Mrs. Grainger, with a party of friends, sat to the right of the Mayor.

According to a resolution adopted by the Board of Aldermen the Aldermen met in the chamber shortly after 11 o'clock and awaited the arrival of the Mayor-elect. At 12 o'clock Judge Field arose and Mr. Grainger advanced to the president's desk.

**Mayor Makes Brief Address.**

After the oath had been given, Mayor Grainger spoke as follows:  
"Judge Field, Ladies and Gentlemen: If ever in my life I desired to make a speech it would be on this occasion, but I am not a speech maker. It has been the aim of my life to become Mayor of this, my native city, where I was born and reared, and which, I believe, can be made the greatest city in the Southwest. The application of business principles, I believe, can bring this about. With the assistance of a General Council and other city officials such as are to be associated with me in the conduct of municipal affairs, I hope to bring this about. We can expand and we shall expand. 'Progress,' which is the motto of the city of Louisville, and which is mentioned so prominently in these floral emblems, shall be my motto. Now, as I said in the beginning, I am a speech maker, and I will close by thanking you all individually and collectively for the very high honor conferred upon me in making me Mayor of our fair city. I know right from wrong and I shall try to do right by everybody."

**Mr. Weissinger Follows.**

When Mayor Grainger had completed his inaugural address, and had signed the oath of office, Mr. Harry Weissinger, president of the Board of Aldermen, made a short address in behalf of the General Council. He said:

"Mr. Mayor: The city of Louisville is to be congratulated on selecting a man so well equipped for the duties of your high office. Your experience as member of the General Council, President of the Board of Aldermen and chairman of the Board of Works has given you an insight into municipal affairs which will prove valuable. It is safe to predict that your administration will be satisfactory. We expect you to make some mistakes, for to err is human. You have the whole legislative department and the city officials in sympathy with you. I believe I am justified in predicting that you will make one of the best, if not the best, Mayor of the city of Louisville has ever had. I present to you this handsome bouquet, believing that when you retire your hands will be as clean as these flowers."

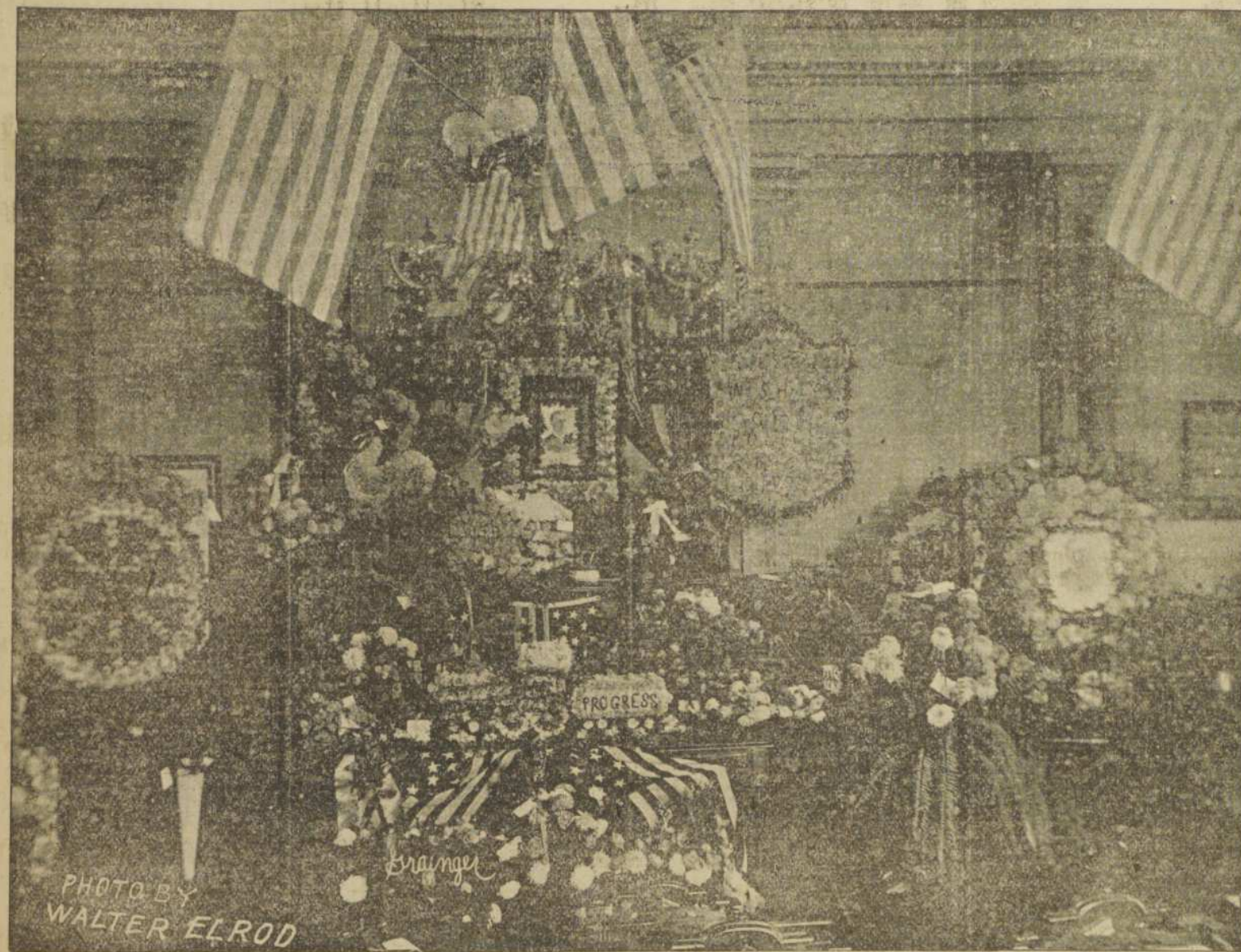
**Shake New Mayor's Hand.**

Mr. Weissinger's address completed the ceremonies and Mr. Grainger started for the Council chamber. A crush followed, and men, women and children clamored about him to shake his hand. A salute of twelve guns, fired from a cannon in front of the City Hall, announced to the people of the city that the new Mayor had been inaugurated.

Aside from politicians and officials, representatives of the business interests were also on hand to congratulate Mr. Grainger. A special committee from the Board of Trade, composed of Messrs. George Gaubert, John W. Barr, Jr., A. Lee Robinson, A. A. Cowan and R. L. Whitney, was present and assured Mr. Grainger of the board's support and co-operation during his administration. The Commercial Club was represented by its officers and directors. The support of the organization was also pledged to the Mayor in



## FLORAL TRIBUTES TO THE CITY'S NEW MAYOR.



COUNCIL CHAMBER SEEMED A MASS OF FLOWERS, THE GIFTS OF MR. GRAINGER'S ADMIRERS.

Miss Elizabeth A. Tarpey and Miss Allie M. Roueche presented Mayor Grainger with a handsome floral design.

his efforts to enhance the commercial interests of the city.

## Goes to the Mayor's Office.

Mr. Grainger announced that it had been arranged for him to go to the Mayor's office, where his predecessor was in waiting to turn the office over to him. Mayor Grainger made his way from the chamber with considerable difficulty and walked rapidly to the Mayor's office. Former Mayor Weaver and his secretary met Mr. Grainger at the side entrance of the Mayor's office and both gave the incoming Mayor a hearty handshake. Mr. Weaver held



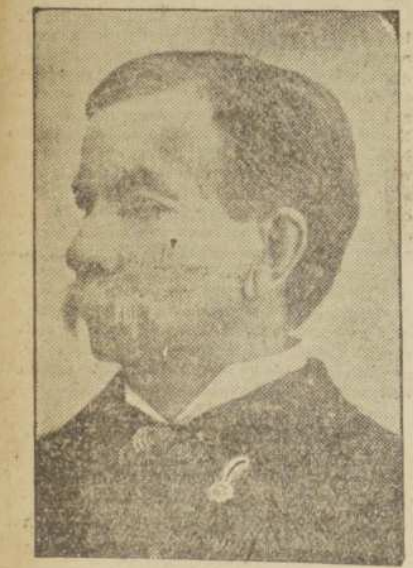
THOMAS P. CRAIG, Mayor Grainger's Private Secretary.

to the hand of the new Mayor and made a short speech congratulating him on his inauguration under such bright prospects for a successful administration.

Mayor Grainger thanked Mr. Weaver for his kind expressions and entered his office. Mr. Weaver walked out and the new Mayor sat down in the big leather chair in front of the Mayor's desk.

## Makes First Appointment.

Mayor Grainger had been in his office but a few minutes when he made the announcement that he had appointed Mr. Thomas P. Craig his private secretary. Mr. Craig was formerly secretary



JOHN H. WELLER, Appointed a member of the Board of Public Works.

tary of the Board of Public Works. The new secretary was soon busy clearing the Mayor's desk of the morning's mail and dictating replies to important letters.

## The Second Appointment.

Yesterday afternoon the new Mayor addressed a communication to the Aldermen requesting that they confirm his appointment of John H. Weller as a member of the Board of Public Works to succeed Mr. Grainger.

## Stream of Handshakes.

Until 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon people, rich and poor, women and chil-

in the name of the police of the Seventh district. The flowers were in a design representing a locomotive. The police

of the first, second and third platoons of the Second and Third districts presented the Mayor with a big picture of

himself surrounded by roses and having the inscription: "The Pride of Democracy."

President Morris K. Jessup, were Ambassador Joseph H. Choate, John Hay, Secretary of State, Senator John L. McLaurin, of South Carolina; White

law Reid, Governor-elect Albert B. Cummins, of Iowa; Senator Chauncey M. Depew, the Rev. Dr. Donald Sage Mackay, Andrew Carnegie, Mayor-elect

Seth Low, Lieut. Gen. Nelson A. Miles, J. Pierpont Morgan, William B. Dox, Sam D. Babcock, Maj. Gen. John R. Brooks, Carl Schurz, Alexander E. Orr, Geo. Odell, Rear Admiral Albert S. Barker and W. B. Ridsedge. The professional and business circle of the city were well represented in the list of the

guests.

The speech-making was opened by President Jessup in a very few words. He then proposed a toast to the memory of William McKinley. It was drunk

with all standing and in silence. President Roosevelt's toast was then toasted, while the orchestra played, and at the next toast, that of King Edward of England, the British anthem was played.

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## THE OATH TAKEN BY MAYOR GRAINGER.

I, Charles F. Grainger, do solemnly swear that I will support the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of this State, the charter and ordinances of the city of Louisville, and be faithful and true to the Commonwealth of Kentucky, so long as I continue a citizen thereof, and that I will faithfully execute, to the best of my abilities, the office of Mayor, according to law and ordinance; and I do further solemnly swear that, since the adoption of the present Constitution, I, being a citizen of this State, have not fought a duel with deadly weapons within this State; nor but of it, with a citizen of this State; nor have I sent or accepted a challenge to fight a duel with deadly weapons with a citizen of this State; nor have I acted as second in carrying a challenge, or aided or assisted any person thus offending; and I do further solemnly swear that I possess the qualifications prescribed by an act of the General Assembly, entitled: "An act for the government of cities of the first class," approved July 1, 1893, and that I am not subject to any disabilities which render me ineligible to hold the office to which I have been elected or appointed. So help me God.

dren, poured into the office of the Mayor or to congratulate Mr. Grainger. He shook hands with all of them and told them not to stop coming. Among the visitors were many of Louisville's most prominent business men, all city and county officials, policemen and firemen, and many employees of the Grainger iron works.

The floral designs had been moved from the Council Chamber into the Mayor's office and they almost filled the room.

Donors of Flowers.

In all Mayor Grainger received forty-two floral designs. Among them were the following:

From Fourth district police, a locomotive wheel with the motto "Progress" on top.

From the Seventh district police, a locomotive.

From Scott Newman and Fred Bishop, a beautiful bouquet in a vase.

From John W. Vreeland, American Beauty roses.

From Mrs. James J. Shelley and Jimmie Shelley, a beautiful chrysanthemum bouquet in a vase.

From the Moss Greens, a horseshoe.

From Little Tammany—Fred Hoertz, William Breunig, James D. Bohon, Fillmore Tyson, Andy Schuble, Paul Barth, James B. Smith, William M. Bohon and others, a beautiful vase with flowers.

From State Senators McNutt and Weller, a bouquet of American Beauty roses.

From detective department, bouquet of roses.

From employees of Grainger foundry, a bouquet.

From police, Fifth district, over 200 roses.

From police, Fifth district, a wheel of roses.

From Messrs Camille and May Semmon, a bouquet.

From officials at county jail, bouquet.

From John Dyer and Ben Dillon, a bouquet.

From L. Karem, a horseshoe.

From Board of Aldermen, a huge bouquet of American Beauties.

From Aaron Kohn, a bouquet.

From German town friends, a bunch of cut roses.

From W. H. Newman, a bunch of American Beauty roses.

From Democratic City and County Executive Committee, a big bouquet of roses and chrysanthemums.

The "Old Fox" Club gave the new Mayor a handsome desk clock, Messrs. Jern Shea and Thomas Craig presented him with a pen and ink set and Mr. Paul Cain with a gold pen.

Sent To the Poor and Sick.

At 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon Mr. Grainger ordered two patrol wagons sent to the City Hall and the flowers were sent to the poor and sick in the various hospitals in the city. The flowers were equally distributed and the Mayor addressed a letter to the superintendent in charge of each institution requesting that the flowers be given to those whose rooms might be made more cheerful by their presence.

Late In Leaving Office.

Mayor Grainger and his secretary, Mr. Craig, were late leaving the City Hall yesterday afternoon. The Mayor did not get any dinner and did not go home until he saw that all the flowers

## TROUBLE

For the President Over Missouri Patronage.

## FIGHT AMONG INS AND OUTS.

## A SCRAMBLE TO KEEP PLACES IN CENSUS BUREAU.

## LANGLEY HAS SOME PROBLEMS

Washington, Nov. 19.—[Special.]—It is now the Republican politician's frontier, the solid Democratic border.

President State who are giving the President trouble, and the indications are that further trouble is in store for him before the contention is settled.

The State is Missouri, and Secretary Hitchcock, of the Interior Department, is arrayed on the side of the office-holders and the office-seekers, and Dick Kerens, the Republican national committee man from that State, on the other.

Kerens is chiefly famous for his overthrow of Chauncey I. Filley, who was at one time the supreme boss and patronage dispenser of his party in Missouri. The fight now is, as usual, between the "ins" and "outs," and the friends to stay, while Kerens is an "out," and desires that at least a few of his friends should share in the spoils.

Both are determined and aggressive, and the end may be that the President will have the pleasure of nominating a new Secretary of the Interior.

## The Census Bureau.

The Bureau of Census will be the scene of a lively and spirited engagement when the statesmen come next week. The skirmishing has already commenced and the fight will be a warm one. The cause of it is that the census force is to be reduced, and as nearly every Congressman has from two to four seats on the pay roll his purpose will be to have them retained.

Speaking of the matter to-day Mr. Langley, the appointment clerk, said: "Although we are preparing to reduce our force Senators and Representatives are still pushing the appointments of their constituents. Every day a member of Congress drops in here with some young man or woman, asking that he or she be appointed to some position. This is absolutely impossible, as we are reducing the force instead of increasing it, and the first of the year we will be obliged to let a good many of the employees go. Now, when the Congress convenes these politicians will be down here in droves claiming that their appointments should be kept on the force and that some one else's should be dropped. The work of deciding who shall be kept and who shall receive their walking papers will fall to me and it will be no easy matter to decide."

## Making Threats.

"We will take good care of Chairman Burton and his River and Harbor Bill when the time comes," remarked an advocate of the Ship Subsidy Bill to-day. "This means that if Burton fights the Shipping Bill the friends of that measure will oppose the River and Harbor Bill."

## It Was In the Air.

There was reciprocity in the air at the White House to-day and the President had a large block of it on hand.

## May Strike a Snag.

Before the President gets through with his army appointments and promotions upon the merit system that he has marked out he will discover that he is not the whole thing in the business. If he once arouses the ire of the Senate and undertakes to interfere with senatorial courtesy it will be so stubbornly resented that the President will have on hand a fight greater than that of San Juan and there will be Sam Hill to pay.

## New York Clergyman ELECTED A BISHOP.

The Rev. D. H. Greer Placed In Charge of the New Episcopal Diocese in Massachusetts.

Springfield, Mass., Nov. 19.—The Rev. Dr. D. H. Greer, rector of St. Bartholomew's church, New York, was elected Bishop of the new Episcopal diocese of Western Massachusetts this afternoon. His name was the only one presented to the convention.

## MAY NOT LAND.

NOT CERTAIN THAT JUDGES WILL CONCUR IN APPOINTMENT OF COWLES.

Belief That Mr. Bell Can Force Judge Gregory To Name Another Man If He Desires.

Judge Gregory's recent announcement that he had selected John H. Cowles for the office of official Index of Jefferson county came as a surprise to the knowing politicians about the Courthouse, as it was generally understood that Mr. Henry A. Bell, the retiring Sheriff, was to receive the appointment.

According to the story going the rounds Mr. Bell was to have been given the position, and he was to appoint Judge Gregory his chief assistant. In fact, it is said that Judge Gregory had promised Mr. Bell the office, but whether this is a fact or not has neither been denied nor affirmed by either of the men directly interested. However, it is stated that Judge Barker, Field and Toney will not concur in the appointment of Capt. Cowles. And the law makes it mandatory that the Circuit Judges shall concur in it. If they refuse to abide by Judge Gregory's decision it will be necessary for him to make another appointment.

A number of positions have been picked out at the City Hall and Courthouse for Mr. Bell. He was stated for a position on one of the municipal executive boards, and again as chief deputy to Mr. W. J. Semmon, County Clerk. He declined the City Hall position, but the position in Mr. Semmon's office is still open to him.

The original position selected for Mr. Bell was chief deputy to Mr. Semmon, but in the meantime Mr. Bell decided to take the place of official Index. It is a matter of speculation whether he will make the fight against Capt. Cowles or accept the chief deputyship under Mr. Semmon.

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## TRADE

With All Peoples; Friendship of All Powers.

HAY OUTLINES DIPLOMACY.

COMPLETE INDEPENDENCE AS NATION OF COMMERCE.

RECIPROCITY IS THE METHOD.

Treaties Advocated by Speakers at Chamber of Commerce Annual Dinner.

MANY ORATORS ARE HEARD.

New York, Nov. 19.—The one hundred and thirty-third annual banquet of the Chamber of Commerce was held at Delmonico's this evening. Covers for 450 were laid in the main banquet room, which was simply, though effectively, decorated, chiefly with American flags.

At the table of honor, presided over by President Morris K. Jessup, were Ambassador Joseph H. Choate, John Hay, Secretary of State, Senator John L. McLaurin, of South Carolina; White law Reid, Governor-elect Albert B. Cummins, of Iowa; Senator Chauncey M. Depew, the Rev. Dr. Donald Sage Mackay, Andrew Carnegie, Mayor-elect

Seth Low, Lieut. Gen. Nelson A. Miles, J. Pierpont Morgan, William B. Dox, Sam D. Babcock, Maj. Gen. John R. Brooks, Carl Schurz, Alexander E. Orr, Geo. Odell, Rear Admiral Albert S. Barker and W. B. Ridsedge. The professional and business circle of the city were well represented in the list of the other guests.

The speech-making was opened by President Jessup in a very few words. He then proposed a toast to the memory of William McKinley. It was drunk

with all standing and in silence. President Roosevelt's toast was then toasted, while the orchestra played, and at the next toast, that of King Edward of England, the British anthem was played.

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# NEW YORK DRUGGISTS INDORSE THE GREAT KIDNEY REMEDY, SWAMP-ROOT.

## WILSON'S PHARMACIES.

One of New York's Leading Druggists Says the Sale of Swamp-Root Is Enormous.

William Wilson is one of the best-known druggists in the city. He has been in business on his own account since 1879 and has prosperous drug stores at 152 Broadway, Broadway and Wall street, New York City, in the heart of the financial market, and at Broadway and Thirty-fourth street, in the center of uptown life, the first of these being the supply store for all three.

Mr. Wilson said to a Louisville Courier-Journal reporter:

The sale of Swamp-Root was never so great as it is to-day. It is one of the leading sellers. The sale at our Wall-street store is particularly gratifying. If the trade handles as much as I do the sale must be simply enormous. These conditions indicate that it is used with wonderful results by a great many people.

*W. Wilson*

PARK-AVENUE PHARMACY.

Couldn't Do Business Without Swamp-Root. Those Who Use It Recommend It. Sales Doubled.

J. Bernhard, manager of the Park Avenue Pharmacy, at 1729 Park avenue, New York City, writes:

Swamp-Root is a great seller in comparison with other remedies for kidney, bladder and liver troubles, rheumatism, etc. The best testimony to the merit of Swamp-Root is the fact that its sales have been doubled in the last few months, and in the other fact that those who have tried it recommend it to others. I couldn't do business without Swamp-Root in stock, for there is a constant demand for it.

*J. Bernhard*  
Manager

## THREE LEADING YONKERS DRUGGISTS

Praise Swamp-Root, and One Says It Cured Him of Kidney Disease and He Recommends It to All Sufferers.

Relieved Bright's Disease.

A. Van Houten, 155 Main street, Yonkers, N. Y., where he has been for fourteen years, writes:

The best thing I can say of Swamp-Root is that we sell a lot of it and it seems to satisfy those who buy it. They tell me it is a sovereign remedy for kidney and bladder troubles, and is a splendid spring tonic, bracing up the weak and weary system. I know one man who had Bright's disease of the kidneys and who told me he had received great benefit from it.

*A. Van Houten*

The Wray Drug Company Speaks.

The George B. Wray Drug Company,

## THE WASELF PHARMACIES.

Strong Commendation of Swamp-Root From Mount Morris and Morningside—Remarkable Cures of Stubborn Cases.

Mr. Louis Wasself owns two prosperous drug stores, one in the Cambridge, Madison avenue and One Hundred and Twenty-fourth street, opposite Mount Morris Park; the other at 961 Columbus avenue, corner of One Hundred and Seventh street, New York City. The latter is under the management of his brother, H. M. Wasself.

The Wasself Pharmacy on Madison avenue began with the new century under the ownership and management of Louis Wasself.

Said Mr. Louis Wasself to a reporter:

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root sells well. I sell more of it than of any other spring medicine, which indicates that it is looked upon as of great value as a spring medicine, while its virtues as a sovereign remedy for troubles of the urinary organs is well known.

*L. Wasself*

Manager H. M. Wasself tells of three conspicuous cases in which its power for the relief of the afflicted was manifested. He said to a reporter:

The sale of Swamp-Root in this neighborhood is large and on the increase. It is recognized as of great medicinal value in the treatment of kidney and liver troubles, and is recommended highly in every way.

I have two customers, one a woman who suffered intensely with pains in the back, due to kidney trouble, and she used Swamp-Root with great benefit.

## THE OLDEST DRUGGIST.

Charles H. Klippert, Fifty-one Years Behind the Prescription Counter—His Customers Prize Swamp-Root.

The oldest active druggist in the five boroughs of the Greater City of New York, and perhaps the oldest in the service in America, still carries on a thriving business in Harlem, where he



CHAS. H. KLIPPERT.

has been thirty-six years. He is the venerable Charles H. Klippert, whose store is in the ancient building of massive granite which another generation knew as Harlem Market, at 119 East One Hundred and Twenty-fifth street.

Mr. Klippert still serves behind the prescription counter and is as hale and hearty and as alive to business as any of his younger competitors. He puts his estimate of Swamp-Root in these words:

Dr. Kilmer's preparation for kidney and liver troubles sells well in my trade, and those who use it speak in terms of satisfaction of its beneficial effects.

*Chas. H. Klippert*

## PHYSICIANS RECOMMEND SWAMP-ROOT.

Dr. William Edward Jenner Prescribes Swamp-Root With Wonderful Results.

Dr. William E. Jenner, whose office is in his Walton Pharmacy, New York City, at 993 Columbus avenue, where he receives his patients, prescribes for their ills and fills the prescriptions all for one fee, is a graduate of the Long Island College Hospital, Brooklyn. He has had a rapidly growing practice in the city for three years, following a practice of five years in Walton, Delaware county, N. Y., and he writes that he has prescribed Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root in desperate cases of kidney trouble with wonderfully gratifying results.



SOLD OVER 20,000 BOTTLES OF SWAMP-ROOT IN ONE YEAR.

F. W. KINSMAN CO.

(Established 1850).

601 Eighth Avenue,  
Corner 39th Street,  
343 Fourth Avenue,  
Corner 25th Street.

F. W. KINSMAN JR. CO.

(Corporation).

125th Street  
and Eighth Avenue,  
New York City.

We feel very friendly toward Swamp-Root.

We have sold in our three stores during the last twelve months more than twenty thousand bottles of Swamp-Root, and never in a single case have we had a bottle returned; every bottle has been sold with our guarantee that if not exactly as represented we would refund the price paid.

Of all the kidney, liver and bladder remedies we have sold during a business experience of more than fifty years, we can conscientiously say that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root has sold better and given more satisfaction than all others combined. There is something in it that "gets there," for all tell the same story of good and satisfactory results.

I know of hundreds of cases of kidney and liver troubles that have been cured or permanently benefited by Dr. Kilmer's Sovereign Remedy, Swamp-Root.

We are always willing to answer any requests for information sent to us in regard to this wonderful remedy.

*F. W. Kinsman Jr.*

## CURED BRIGHT'S DISEASE.

Staten Island's Leading Druggist Says Swamp-Root Is of Highest Value.

For twenty-five years the writer of the subjoined letter has been President of the Happy Medicine Company, manufacturers of the Happy pills.

Mr. Kerr is also proprietor of the drug store at 20 Richmond Terrace, New Brighton, Staten Island, N. Y., in the borough of Richmond. From that far corner of the great city he writes:



"Swamp-Root is the best selling proprietary

medicine on the market. It is looked upon in the trade as of high value for diseases of the kidneys, liver and bladder.

"One man in the borough, after suffering for years with Bright's disease was relieved and ultimately cured by Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root. I know of several cases in New Brighton who have been cured by its use."

*James Kerr*

## CURES LIVER COMPLAINT.

James Livson, of 2156 Eighth avenue, New York City, only repeats what his customers say:

The sale of Dr. Kilmer's kidney remedy, Swamp-Root, is large as compared with that of other preparations, and its merit is attested by those who use it. As a rule I do not recommend any model drug store. In an interview with a reporter he said:



J. LIVSON.

Those who have tried Swamp-Root say that it proved satisfactory, relieving pain and restoring the kidneys to their normal functions. It is used largely for liver complaint with good results, and is much in favor as a general tonic for debilitated systems.

*James Livson*

Increasing Sale Best Testimonial.

We sell Swamp-Root very largely and our customers buy it over and over again. An increasing sale of an article is usually the best testimonial any preparation can have, and Swamp-Root has the endorsement under that test. It is the best-selling article we have in that class.

*Kalish Pharmacy*  
Brooklyn, N. Y.

## CURED TWO CUSTOMERS.

Enabled Them to Resume Their Employments—Wouldn't Be Without It Now.

At the junction of Mott and Worth streets, Chatham Square, New York City, Matthew Kramer, Ph. G., has a model drug store. In an interview with a reporter he said:

We sell large quantities of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root to those looking for a health restorer, and the sale is larger than that of any other proprietary medicine. I have two customers who were cured of long-standing kidney complaint by it. They were enabled to resume their employments. One of them was obliged to use between two and three bottles a week for some time, and now he says he would not be without Swamp-Root on any consideration, and if setting out for a long journey out of the country would take along a supply for the term of his intended absence.

*Matthew Kramer*

Dr. Salodino's Word.

Dr. Salodino's office is in the pharmacy—the pioneer Italian Pharmacy in New York—at Broome and Bowery streets. The doctor made the following statement to a reporter:

We have steady demand for Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and our customers express great satisfaction with the results.

*Salodino's Pharmacy*

Speaks Well Of It.

Clarence H. Platt, 191 Court street, Brooklyn, says:

I am glad to say that the great Kidney Remedy Swamp-Root has a large sale and an increasing sale, and that those who buy it speak well of it.

*Clarence H. Platt*

## THE CORPORATION HEGEMAN & CO.

Reports From the Three Great Pharmacies of This Famous Concern in the City, Harlem and Washington Heights. Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root Best of All.

The corporation of Hegeman & Co., of New York City, is a conspicuous example of the application to the drug business of the recently-developed tendency to combine great capital in a business enterprise.

Hegeman & Co. have two immense stores in full blast at 196 Broadway and at One Hundred and Twenty-fifth street and Seventh avenue, while a third one, at Amsterdam avenue and One Hundred and Fifty-fifth street, Washington Heights, was opened June 1. George W. Ramsey is manager of the downtown store and W. J. Fraser of the Harlem store. The Washington Heights store is managed by Egerton Hill.

Steady Demand for Swamp-Root.

As if to remind the wayfarer of the days of the middle of the last century, when the Bowers was the great commercial center of New York, the pharmacy of R. H. Luthin appears in the midst of its three-quarter-mile stretch, at No. 191. It was established by G. A. Cassabier in 1845, and has remained for fifty-six years with but a single change, when Mr. Luthin became its owner. The business is now practically in the whole sale line, though Mr. Luthin's counter trade is still equal to that of most retail houses. Mr. Luthin says of the great specific for kidney ailments:

We find a steady demand for Swamp-Root, not only from our counter trade but from retail dealers whom we supply. The sale of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is immense and it is superior to most of them, and gives immediate satisfaction.

*R. H. Luthin*

Brooklyn and Harlem Take Swamp-Root.

Ralph B. Robbins, whose pharmacy at Lenox avenue and 125th street, New York City, is one of the most popular in Harlem, made the following statement to a reporter:

I have been in the drug business more than fifteen years, and I can say that in every case in which Swamp-Root was taken it did good, and it has a host of firm friends who subscribe to its recovery from diseases of the kidneys, bladder and liver. It has been a long time on the market. I was located in Brooklyn for several years, and while Swamp-Root was not esteemed highly in that borough, I found it in as high re-

From the Harlem Hegeman.

Swamp-Root a Specific for Kidney Troubles.

We sell more of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root than of any similar remedy, which betokens its good repute. It is looked upon as a specific for troubles of the kidneys and bladder, and as a valuable preparation for the relief of liver complaints. Our customers speak well of it. Indeed, I do not recall a single complaint from any one who has used it.

*H. J. Drusen*

Downtown Hegeman's.

Manager Ramsey, in an interview with a reporter, said:

I have heard many good opinions expressed by our customers who have used Swamp-Root. We have a greater call for it than for any other preparation for kidney troubles. It has a good reputation as a remedy for all kidney, liver and bladder troubles, and it sells better than any other of that class of preparations. Those who buy a trial bottle are sure to come again saying that it has benefited them.

*W. J. Ramsey*

recuperate the liver and kidneys.

*H. B. Ross*

## INDORSES SWAMP-ROOT.

An Increasing Sale Speaks Volumes for Its Reputation and Its Worth.

J. H. Caan, dispensing chemist at 2064



J. H. CAAN

"Strong Terms of Praise."

Charles J. Hoele, who has a purely neighborhood trade at 1932 Lexington avenue, says:

Ours is only a family trade, but we sell about a dozen bottles of Swamp-Root a week, larger than the showing for any other proprietary preparation. Those who have used it speak in strong terms in its praise.

*Charles J. Hoele*

Sale Simply Enormous.

Barnett's, Warren and Montgomery street, is Jersey City's leading drug store.

The sale of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is simply enormous. One of the best sellers we have and increasing all the time. Those who have used it speak well of it.

*Hartnett*  
*Barrett*

SAMPLE BOTTLE OF SWAMP-ROOT SENT FREE BY MAIL.

EDITORIAL NOTICE.—It used to be considered that only urinary and bladder troubles were to be traced to the kidneys, but now modern science proves that nearly all diseases have their beginning in the disorder of these most important organs. The kidneys filter and purify the blood—that is their work. Therefore when your kidneys are weak or out of order, you can understand how quickly your entire body is affected, and how every organ seems to fail to do its duty. If you are sick or "feel badly," begin taking the world-famous kidney remedy, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, because as soon as your kidneys are well they will help all the other organs to health. A trial will convince anyone. If you have the slightest symptoms of kidney, liver or bladder trouble, or if there is a trace of it in your family history, send at once to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., who will gladly send you by mail, immediately, without cost to you, a sample bottle of the wonderful remedy, Swamp-Root, and a book containing many of the thousands upon thousands of testimonial letters received from men and women cured by Swamp-Root. In writing be sure to say that you read this generous offer in the Louisville Daily Courier-Journal.

Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and is for sale at all Drug Stores in bottles of two prices and two sizes—fifty cents and one dollar.



## NO HOPE

### In the Courts For Murderer Quinn.

### HIS PETITION IS OVERRULED

### AND JUDGMENT OF LOWER TRIBUNAL WILL PREVAIL.

### HE KILLED POLICEMAN CRUM.

Declines All Offers of Photographers Who Desire To Obtain His Picture.

### REFUSES TO TALK OF CASE.

Frankfort, Ky., Nov. 19.—[Special].—The Court of Appeals to-day, through Chief Justice Paynter, overruled the petition for a rehearing of the murder case of Reuben Quinn against the Commonwealth, appealed from the Boyle Circuit Court, and Quinn will be hanged on a day fixed by Gov. Beckham upon the issue of the court's mandate.

Reuben Quinn, a negro, was convicted in the Boyle Circuit Court of the murder of Policeman John T. Crum, of Danville. The officer was killed on the night of April 19, 1901, while trying to arrest Quinn, who operated a "blind tiger" saloon in the town. Crum found the place open and some persons on the inside drinking. He went into the room and all fled except Quinn. He resisted arrest, and in the fight which followed Crum was instantly killed. Quinn was arrested and a special grand jury indicted him. He was tried a week later and sentenced to be hanged for his crime on May 23. The case was appealed to the Court of Appeals, and on June 22 Justice White handed down an opinion affirming the judgment of the lower court. A petition for rehearing was filed at the opening of the September term of the Appellate Court, and the disposition of this to-day closes the case.

A petition for the commutation of the death sentence to that of life imprisonment will likely be filed before the Governor, but it is not probable that he will interfere with the judgment of the courts.

### STRUCK BY A TRAIN.

Jefferson Northcutt, a Wealthy Farmer, Fatally Injured At Sherman.

Williamstown, Ky., Nov. 19.—[Special].—Jefferson Northcutt, a wealthy farmer of the eastern part of the county, sustained fatal injuries when he was run over by a fast passenger train at Sherman this morning.

He and his son, Fred, were driving to Sherman in a buggy and came to a crossing. They failed to hear the train, which was late, and the buggy was struck by the engine. The train was running fifty miles an hour. Both Northcutt and his son were hurled a distance of fifty feet. The elder Northcutt's legs and arms were broken and he was terribly mangled. The son was unhurt and placed his hand on the buggy, taking him to Sherman.

Northcutt is one of the wealthiest farmers in the county. He has three sons, all grown men. The second son, is married and lives in Louisville. Robert, the eldest, lives in Lexington. He was a Lieutenant in the United States army in the late war with Spain. Both sons have been telegraphed for. The crossing where Northcutt received his injuries has been the scene of several tragedies. Three men have been killed there by trains. In a half mile of the crossing, two men were killed in a fight two years ago. A horse thief was lynched by a mob a few hundred yards from the same spot several years since.

### A PLAGUE OF RATS

Moves a Danville Man To Advertise For One Hundred Cats.

Danville, Ky., Nov. 19.—[Special].—Mr. C. T. Black advertised in a local paper for 100 cats, to rid his premises of an army of rats. When seen to-night he said he had been unsuccessful in securing felines. Boyle county is not so much infested with rats as it is in the city. At least they do not read the advertising columns. Mr. Black has so far secured only six cats, but says he has to have them and will continue his efforts until he secures them. He said that the raging visitation of rats on his premises was sufficient to intimidate a pious piper, and the rodents were literally eating up everything of a digestible nature on his farm. In spite of all he could do in the way of a warfare by means of poison traps they seem to be steadily on the increase and defy all efforts to dislodge them. Mr. Black advertises for 100 cats at ten cents apiece.

### IMPORTANT CASES

In the Federal Court Which Convened Monday At Owensboro.

Owensboro, Ky., Nov. 19.—[Special].—The November term of the Federal Court will begin here Monday, with several important cases on the docket. The suit by the Reinecke Coal Mining Company for an injunction against James C. Woods and twenty-six other union miners will be heard, and will probably arouse more interest than any other suit. There are several damage suits, the most important being the action of David Browning against Benjamin Watson and George L. Devering for \$5,000. Browning charges that they had prevented him from voting in the election of 1900. Watson and Devering were Democratic election officers at Dixon, Webster county.

It is expected that the case against H. J. Naumeyer is charged with fraudulently altering the records of the National Deposit Bank will be tried.

### A BIG DAMAGE SUIT

Against the Illinois Central Is Now On Trial At Paducah.

Paducah, Ky., Nov. 19.—[Special].—The Federal Court, which convened yesterday, had a session to-night. The case of Mrs. Francis S. Blythe against the Illinois Central Railroad Company for \$100,000 damages, the result of John W. Blythe being killed by a train at Fulton, went to trial this morning, and consumed the entire day and to-night. It will go to the jury in the morning. Mollie Hehn was given a judgment for \$2,000 against the Knights of Pythias.

J. N. Nulton, John Steele, Oscar Ryland, Rev. C. H. Mallory, T. J. Mays and Joe Fields were fined \$100 each and sentenced to jail for thirty days for selling whisky without license. The sentence against Dan Crum was suspended.

### SUDDENLY INSANE.

James S. Lyles, of Vanceburg, a Victim of Religious Excitement. Vanceburg, Ky., Nov. 19.—Mr. James S. Lyles, aged thirty-five, a son of one of the oldest and most prominent families of this part of the State, created great excitement on the street at 1 o'clock this afternoon. He has been attending his religious revival at the emotional type. He made the sensational demonstration in front of the post-office. He suddenly halted while walking quietly along and began to preach at the top of his voice and call for mourners. A jury of inquiry was hastily summoned and returned a verdict of insanity. He has a wife and six children.

### TO RECOVER SHORTAGE.

Suit Against L. R. Porter and His Bondsmen Goes To Trial. Bowling Green, Ky., Nov. 19.—[Special].—The suit of the Warren Deposit Bank against L. R. Porter and his bondsmen, to recover an alleged shortage of \$25,000, went to trial here last afternoon. It is being tried before Special Judge John S. Kelly, of Bardonia. The alleged shortage was discovered during the time Mr. Porter was cashier of the Warren Deposit Bank, which is now out of existence.

### Surveying In Progress.

Lexington, Ky., Nov. 19.—[Special].—The surveying for the Paris, Millersburg and Lexington electric road has been begun, and all preliminaries are being shaped so that the actual work of construction can begin about February. This road will be operated in connection with the Georgetown line and will be constructed by the same syndicate and not by the \$7,000,000 syndicate organized in Lexington a few days ago.

### Scarlet Fever At Danville.

Danville, Ky., Nov. 19.—[Special].—Considerable of a scarlet fever scare has existed here during the past two or three days, which has resulted in the temporary closing of Caldwell College. Several cases are reported, and the three-year-old child of B. Pink died today. Only about a third of the children reported at the public school to-day.

### Poisoned By Smut.

Danville, Ky., Nov. 19.—Mr. M. J. Paris lost thirteen head of 300-pound cattle from poisoning. The cattle had been turned into a stalk field, where a quantity of corn had been damaged by drouth, and had been attacked by smut in consequence of the drouth. Mr. Hunt, of this county, also lost four head from the same cause.

### Drum and Trumpet Corps.

Owensboro, Ky., Nov. 19.—[Special].—The drum and trumpet corps which has lately been organized will begin practicing at once. The members have received their instruments and uniforms, and Capt. Morton Radford has undertaken to drill them. The army of the Green River Guards will be used for drill purposes.

### Both Legs Broken.

Owingsville, Ky., Nov. 19.—[Special].—George Bramble, of the Moore's ferry neighborhood, had both legs broken by a barrel of salt, which he was trying to load, falling on him. One of his feet was so badly crushed that it had to be amputated.

### Smallpox In Bath County.

Owingsville, Ky., Nov. 19.—[Special].—Smallpox is raging in the eastern part of this county. Three new cases were reported to-day. The authorities are doing everything in their power to stamp out the disease.

### TO PREVENT OBSTRUCTION IN HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Radical Reform In Parliamentary Proceedings Planned By the Government.

London, Nov. 19.—It is understood that the Government intends to propose a reform in the procedure in Parliament to overcome obstruction. The scheme will suggest that the House assemble at 2.30 instead of 4 p. m.; that Government business be done first; that an adjournment at 7.30 until 9 o'clock be taken for dinner; that questions then be taken up and ordinary business be carried on until midnight. Under the existing rules questions form the first business of the House of Commons and give rise to much obstruction.

It will also be proposed that estimates be first considered by a strong committee, representing all sections of the House, in whose proceedings the duration of speeches would be limited, and that the estimates be considered by a committee of members who would be more sternly dealt with for the first offense, and suspended for a month, with increasing penalties for renewed offenses, and offenders would be compelled to apologize before being permitted to return to Parliament.

### RE-ENFORCEMENTS ASKED TO TAKE A DESPERADO.

Murder of Two Deputy United States Marshals Said To Be Hiding In A Swamp.

Oxford, Miss., Nov. 19.—The officers who are pursuing Mathis, the moonshiner, who murdered two Deputy United States Marshals Sunday, sent a messenger to Oxford to-night and asked for a posse of thirty or more armed citizens to assist in the capture of the fugitive. The officers say they have him surrounded in a swamp, but before making an attack desire re-enforcements. A posse has just left for the scene and a battle is expected before morning. The swamp in which Mathis is hiding is twenty miles from Oxford.

### DEAD IN HIS CAR.

Veteran Engineer Met Death With Hand At The Throttle.

Chicago, Nov. 19.—Michael Sprath, for thirty-five years an engineer for the Lake Shore road, dropped dead in the cab of his engine to-day. It was the death he had often told his friends he hoped for—coming when his hand was still on the throttle. Sprath's engine had barely escaped to a siding when a fast passenger train whizzed past on the main track, and it is supposed that the fright at his narrow escape acted fatally on his heart, which was weak. The fireman, seeing the engineer fall, stopped the locomotive. Sprath was sixty years of age, and is said to have been worth \$70,000.

## EVIDENCE

### Against Evansville Police-Man Accused of Murder.

### THREE WITNESSES TESTIFY.

### CLAIM THEY SAW HIM WITH THE TWO WOMEN.

### HIS WIFE'S ADMISSION.

Says Husband Was Out In Surrey On Night Mrs. Bailey and Miss Renner Were Killed.

### THE PRISONER IS SILENT.

Evansville, Ind., Nov. 19.—[Special].—Although the authorities believe one man strangled to death Mrs. Georgia Bailey and Miss Lena Renner last week, they realize there may have been an accomplice. Evidence against Wilbur Sherwell, the policeman under arrest charged with the murders, developed more strongly to-day. Before the coroner one witness swore to seeing Sherwell and Mrs. Bailey together early in the evening of the two tragedies, and another testified that he saw a man and a woman in a surrey, both of whom he had with descriptions of Sherwell and Miss Renner.

A third saw Sherwell on May 2 last in a quarrel with Fannie Butler, the mulatto woman who was strangled on that date, and heard her tell Sherwell to let her alone.

Sherwell's wife, who has not seen him since his arrest, admitted this afternoon that her husband had the surrey out the night of the murder. He had told her to deny this and does not know she has told. He is cool and collected and does not talk.

### DISAPPOINTED IN LOVE.

Hartford City Girl Killed Herself After Singing Hymns.

Hartford City, Ind., Nov. 19.—Developments in the case of Bessie Decker, whose body was found in the orchard of her mother's home, clear it to the county judge's orders. The girl committed suicide because of unrequited love. Murder had been suspected, as some of the features of the case closely resembled the mysterious murders at Evansville.

A note of farewell has been found. It was addressed to friend Paot, her sweetheart, and said that she had kept her promise to him and was going to die for his sake. Then followed this verse:

"May glow of health be bringing its golden sunshine still and love's sweet music ringing, thy heart with joy to fill. Around thy pathway and dwelling may summer's beauty shine. May delights be willing garlands fair entwined; may thy life be all sunshine and love's pure ray shine over thy pathway and guide thee to-day. Bessie May Decker, born January 15, 1881, died November 16, 1901."

Just before going out into the orchard to take poison the girl sat down to the organ and sang "Jesus, Lover of My Soul" and "Nearer, My God, to Thee."

### BOY BLOWN TO PIECES.

Picked Up A Nitroglycerin Can Which He Thought Was Empty.

Alexandria, Ind., Nov. 19.—[Special].—Charles Ott, aged thirteen years, found an empty nitroglycerin can near some oil derricks on Elveth street at 5 o'clock this evening. He was riding with his father and brother at the time, and disregarding his father's instructions, he jumped out of the wagon and picked up the can, when some slight residuum of the fluid exploded. There was a loud report, and the boy's face was destroyed, his body was torn in two at the waist, while neither of his hands has yet been found. The father and brother escaped uninjured.

### Will Recover the Organ.

Corydon, Ind., Nov. 19.—The case of Stella B. Kahl against her mother, Phoebe Sappendel, to recover an organ, was decided in favor of the plaintiff. The evidence was that Mrs. Sappendel had given her daughter an organ, but when the daughter married Mrs. Sappendel, not liking her new son-in-law, refused to let her daughter have the instrument and a replevin suit followed.

Bloomington Man Seriously Hurt. Bloomington, Ind., Nov. 19.—[Special].—Benton Hough, trustee of Bloomington township, was seriously injured to-day. While attending a stock sale a horse, which was being disposed of at auction, broke loose. Hough attempted to stop it and was thrown to the ground and his head and spine were crushed.

### Wealthy Indiana Farmer Dead.

Bloomington, Ind., Nov. 19.—[Special].—George Stimp, a wealthy citizen and one of the wealthiest farmers in the county, died to-day, aged seventy-seven years. He was a member of the Methodist church.

### MINNESOTA HEIRS CLAIM VALUABLE PROPERTY.

Preparing To Take Possession of the Old Capitol and Grounds In St. Paul.

St. Paul, Minn., Nov. 19.—Quiet preparations are being made by the heirs of Charles Bazille, a pioneer settler of St. Paul, to take possession of the old Capitol, building site and all, as soon as the State officers have removed to the new structure. The action is planned on the ground that Mr. Bazille, in presenting the Capitol square to the State, stipulated that in the event the site is abandoned the property reverts to his heirs. It is asserted that the conditions are a matter of record. The property is in the business section, covering an entire block, and is very valuable.

### BRITONS SECURE CONTRACT

For Laying First Section of the Pacific Cable.

London, Nov. 19.—The Commercial Pacific Cable Company, recently organized in New York to lay a cable from San Francisco to the Philippine Islands, has secured a contract for the manufacture and laying of the first section from San Francisco to Honolulu to an English company, which guarantees to complete it in ten months. The contract price is nearly \$600,000.

## UNION MINERS' CAMP AT MADISONVILLE.



CAMP OF UNION MINERS AT MADISONVILLE. THIS CAMP OF UNION MINERS WAS ORDERED REMOVED TO NORTONVILLE. IT WAS LOCATED ON THE SIDE OF A SMALL HILL OVERLOOKING THE REINECKE MINES, WHICH WERE ABOUT 1,000 YARDS FROM IT.

### VIGOROUS METHODS AT LAST TO SUPPRESS LAWLESSNESS

(Continued from First Page.)

here to back up the civil authorities, and we have placed ourselves subject to the County Judge's orders. Gen. Murray went to Providence to-night, but merely for an inspection of the troops stationed there. He was needed at the Nortonville camp they could join the men here in two hours. Gen. Murray has about seventy men under his command. However, it is the opinion of those who know about Judge Hall's contemplated order that the strikers will obey it without any show of resistance.

### Judge Hall's Directions.

Judge Hall will direct that all invaders leave the county, and that the Hopkins county men disperse. President Wood, of the United Mine Workers, Vice President Barnaby and one or two other union leaders also went to Providence to-night. If they had any special object in going it could not be learned. The general opinion was that they merely wanted to inquire into the situation there. No strong feeling occurred since Sunday's fight and since the arrival of the troops. Judge Hall believes that when the campers are dispersed there will be very little danger from attacks by bodies of men, as the lawless element will have no place of refuge.

### Madisonville Suffers.

Madisonville as a business town has suffered greatly. Many drummers have ceased to come to the city. The proprietor of the hotel was complaining to-day of the falling off in patronage of the kind he usually receives.

"Military officers and newspaper correspondents," he said, "are almost only guests." Hunters are almost afraid to go out into the fields in pursuit of game lest they be taken for "the enemy" and their firing cause a stampede among the neighboring farmers. Citizens are weary of the situation and are free with their advice to "go for the other fellow," but the conservative citizen, who has no financial interests directly involved and who is not related by blood or marriage to either of the parties to the miniature war, is not willing to "talk for publication," though accommodating enough to give his views privately. A number of such persons were interviewed to-day by the Courier-Journal correspondent, and none failed to conclude his statements with the admonition, "But remember this is not for publication. I do not wish to become involved in the controversy."

### Tired of the Strife.

They all agreed that they were heartily tired of the trouble and that it was the duty of the authorities to take some decisive action, though none was willing to go so far as to suggest what that action should be. The names of half a dozen of the best and most conservative citizens were secured, and they were interviewed with the foregoing result. One of them stated that the opinion of the average citizen as to the merits of the controversy depended upon his political affiliation. While this is not an ironical rule, it nearly fits the situation.

### The Question of Taxes.

An interesting feature arising out of the conflict is the question of county taxes. If the present conditions continue, it would require a tax levy near-

ly three times as large as the present one in order to meet the county's obligations. For the past three months it has cost the county \$3,000 a month, or about \$9,000, to maintain the guards for the mining companies. The present tax levy for county purposes is forty-five cents, amounting to about \$20,000, according to a county official. At the rate of \$3,000 a month for guards, the amount needed would be nearly \$90,000, or about \$1.25 on the \$100. But under the law the levy for county purposes cannot exceed fifty cents for county purposes. Therefore, the \$3,000 a month, or \$36,000 a year, would accrue as a debt against the county. This deficit already amounts to \$20,000, as the county levy has been exhausted for other purposes. Of course, for the next fiscal year the appropriations for other purposes could be reduced and the difference applied to the payment of the guards' per diem. During the past three months the County Judge has been issuing certificates to the guards. In nearly every case these certificates have been cashed by the mine operators whose property the guards are protecting. The operators may have a long time to wait for their money. The taxpayers do not relish the idea, either, of even a five-cent increase in the tax on the \$100. The county is in a position to pay the taxes, but the operators have not paid them a cent. A stenographic reporter was present and took down in full both speeches and they will be sent to Judge Evans.

### OPERATORS ARE CONDEMNED.

Mass-Meeting of Hopkins County Citizens At Madisonville.

Madisonville, Ky., Nov. 19.—[Special].—A mass-meeting was held at the courthouse here this evening and was largely attended. The speakers of the occasion were Representative-elect E. B. Bradley and County Clerk John B. Brasher, Democratic officials. The meeting was the result of attacks made on these men and other county officials by a Nashville newspaper and several of the coal operators. In their speeches Messrs. Bradley and Bradley declared that the attacks were unjust and unwarranted. The newspaper in question, in referring to the county officials, said that Messrs. Bradley and Brasher had made incendiary speeches inciting the union miners to riot, and that a movement was on foot to have them removed before Federal Judge Evans for contempt of court. The speakers declared that if in contempt of court they were willing to be tried, and sent to jail if necessary, but that they would not be stifled in giving expression to what they believed to be right.

They then turned their attention to the operators and condemned them for the work they had done. A contract was let yesterday to A. T. Smith for the erection of a large office building, convenient to both mills, and arrangements have been made to light the entire plant with electricity generated by the machinery in the mill. The company now has 400 men on its payroll and when the additions are completed 500 more will be added.

### TWO NEGROES ARRESTED.

Accused of Having Taken Part In Webster County Fight.

Morgantown, Ky., Nov. 19.—[Special].—Marshal Sam Overby, of Dixon, Webster county, and Deputy Sheriff J. T. Hill passed through here this afternoon with Jim Egler and William Freney, two negroes, charged with having taken part in the fight that occurred at Providence, Ind., last week. They are supposed to have been in the party that attacked the mines. Both were handcuffed, and the officers are taking every precaution to prevent them escaping.

Col. J. P. Luse is ill. Col. James P. Luse, a veteran newspaper man, is ill at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Thomas A. Armstrong, East Ninth street, near Spring, in New Albany. Col. Luse established the New Albany Commercial Appeal, a morning newspaper in New Albany, thirty-five years ago. In 1868 he was appointed Surveyor of Customs in Louisville, a position he held for eight years, and he was afterward Collector of Internal Revenue for South Dakota, at Rapid City, for a similar period.

## BOER SOLDIER

### Working In New Albany Tannery.

### COL. J. P. LUSE SERIOUSLY ILL.

### OHIO FALLS IRON COMPANY ENLARGES PLANT.

### WILL EMPLOY 700 MEN.

Karl Alple, who is stopping at the Graybrook House, in New Albany, has had a remarkable career. He came to that city one week ago and secured employment at Moser's tannery. After he had been in New Albany a few days he unfolded a portion of his marvelous history to acquaintances around the hotel which could understand German, that being the only language he could speak.

Alple was a policeman in Johannesburg, South Africa, when the war began with England, and he at once enlisted in the Boer army. He served at the battles of Colenso, Spion Kop, Magersfontein and a score of other engagements. He was in Cronje's army when that unfortunate commander was defeated and captured with nearly all his men, and was one of the few that managed to escape through the British lines. He afterwards served in the irregular warfare that was continued by the Boers until the command to which he was attached was captured by the English soldiers. Escaping again, he made his way to Delagoa Bay, in the Portuguese possessions, and from there he passed to the coast of Germany, where he had friends, and from whom he had heard in Strasburg, his birthplace.

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### Enlarging Rolling Mills.

The Ohio Falls Iron Company, the leading manufacturing industry of New Albany, purchased the DePauw property on West Water street, below Fifth, formerly occupied by the New Albany rail mill foundry and rolling mill plant, and possession was given at once. The company will install a rolling mill of nearly or quite as great a capacity as the one it now has in operation, and the work on it will begin at once. It is the intention, as soon as practically possible, to add an extensive sheet mill to the plant, which will then be the largest iron and steel mill in Indiana. A contract was let yesterday to A. T. Smith for the erection of a large office building, convenient to both mills, and arrangements have been made to light the entire plant with electricity generated by the machinery in the mill. The company now has 400 men on its payroll and when the additions are completed 500 more will be added.

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### NEW ALBANY.

Mrs. and Mrs. John Meyer left yesterday for Chicago to spend a few days with relatives.

Miss Carrie Beers left yesterday for Wagner, S. D., to spend the winter with her sister.

The ladies of the Measmercher will give a euchre to-morrow afternoon at the hall on East Spring street, near Fourth.

Capt. Russell, of the Seymour police force, was in the city yesterday calling on Chief of Police Adams and other city officials.

Frederick Wells and Miss Annie Welch were married yesterday morning at Holy Trinity rectory by the Rev. John H. Kelly.

Peter Moby was granted a decree of divorce in the Circuit Court yesterday from Loretta Moby, desertion having been proved.

Miss Viola DeVos, 320 Beeler street, slipped and fell in Louisville Monday night while going to the Dalry Line station and fractured her ankle.

James S. Baldwin, of Decatur, Ill., and Miss Mary Virginia Dismore, who were married this evening at 6:30 o'clock in Trinity M. E. church.

In motion of the plaintiff the suit for maintenance, instituted in the Circuit Court by Lavina Ruby against George Ruby, was dismissed yesterday afternoon.

Alvin Hathaway, of this city, leaves to-day for Washington, where he has been appointed to clerkship in the office of the United States Land Commissioner.

The pleasing comedy "The Single Ladies Debating Society" will be produced to-morrow evening at the Y. M. C. A. Hall by the Young Ladies' A. G. Society of Trinity M. E. church.

The revival meetings at the Jennie DePauw Memorial Church and the Advent Christian church in Silver Grove are being well attended. They will be continued nightly during this week and probably longer.

Thomas Loop and Miss Elora Brewer were married Monday evening at their home, 1255 Vincennes street, furnished in advance by the groom. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. W. C. Bolding, pastor of the Jennie DePauw Memorial M. E. church.

John Brown, who has been laid up for several weeks with a broken arm, sustained while falling in a cabaret on the Queen and Crescent, has recovered and has been appointed to a passenger conductorship on that route between Somerset, Ky., and Chattanooga, Tenn.

The annual meeting of the Floyd County Farmers' Institute will be held December 2 and 3 in Horticultural Hall, near Edwardsville, one mile west of the city. An interesting programme has been prepared and the event promises to be profitable to the farmers and fruit growers who attend.

The three Presbyterian churches of this city will hold Thanksgiving services at the Third church, and the sermon will be delivered by the Rev. Hamilton A. Hynes, of the Second church. The Methodist churches will hold union services on that day at the Third church. The sermon will be preached by the Rev. W. G. Clinton, pastor of Centenary.

Roland Matheny, a switchman in the service of the Southern, fell from a coal car in the company's yard at West Third street yesterday afternoon and was severely injured. In falling he alighted across the track in front of a rapidly approaching car and he would have been crushed to death had it not been for the presence of mind of a coalman standing nearby, who dragged him from his dangerous position a moment before the car reached him.

Capt. F. D. Connor and Mrs. Nellie L. Ryan were appointed yesterday that they had been reappointed by Collector of Internal Revenue J. R. Bonnell to the positions of traveling Deputy Collectors and Stamp Clerk, respectively, for the New Albany division, places they have held for the last four years.

The annual meeting of the Board of County Commissioners, beginning the first Monday of next month, contracts will be made by that body for the services of the County Attorney, Secretary of the Board of Health, physician for the county asylum and the various township officers of the courthouse, inspector of live stock and dairies, levy assessors, and the various township officers, furnishing meat for the county asylum, coffins and conveyances for the poor. The board will meet up to Monday morning of December 2 and the contract will be awarded to the lowest and best bidder.

Sarah C. Dietz filed a suit yesterday in the Circuit Court praying for a decree of divorce from Thomas L. Dietz, the alleged grounds of the action being cruel treatment. In



















**AMUSEMENTS.**

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**MACAULEY'S—TODAY** 2:15  
**TO-NIGHT** 8:15  
Mr. JAMES O'NEILL in *Lesbore & Co.*  
*Elaborate Production*

**MONTE CRISTO**  
Prices: Night 25c to \$1.50. Mat. 25c to \$1.00.  
Next: LULA GLASER OPERA CO.

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**MACAULEY'S SEEING NOW**

Three Nights, **THURS., NOV. 21** With Mat. Saturday,  
Beginning

Mr. F. C. Whitney announces the  
**LULA GLASER OPERA CO. in "Dolly Varden"**

Chorus of 40. Augmented Orchestra.  
\$30.000 Production. Carriages at 11:15.

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**TEMPLE MEFFERT STOCK CO.**

**ARTICLE 47** or Cara, the Craze.  
Greatest novelty in America,  
5 COLLEGE MIDGETS.  
Don't Fail to See Them.

**25 Cent Matinees** Every Night  
Thurs. & Saturday. **10, 15, 25, 35, 50.**

**WARD & VOKES**  
65 People in their all-new Fun Show—THE  
HEAD WAITERS.

Next Week: on the Sunwave River.

**Pianola Recital**  
every Thursday evening, at 8 o'clock, at  
Smith & Nixon's Hall, 622-624 Fourth  
ave. You are cordially invited.

**TROUSERS**  
Made To Order **\$3.00 To \$3.50**  
Samples and Blank Measurements—FREE.  
**NATIONAL PANTS CO.,**  
P. O. Box 108, St. Louis, Mo.

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**WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.**

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WANTED—  
MONEY TO LOAN—MONEY TO LOAN.  
Do you need  
MONEY?

CALL ON THE MUTUAL BANKING CO.,

Equitable building. Get the benefit of our BEST OF ALL adopted plan to borrow on your furniture, pianos, household goods or any good collaterals,

OR ON YOUR SALARY.

It will pay you—you SAVE money by it. If you are looking for the lowest rates and easiest terms. We have been established here since 1890. We are known to be reliable, and have the good will of

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all of our customers and the general public.  
All Business Strictly Confidential.

**MUTUAL BANKING CO.,**  
Rooms 216-218 Equitable building, second floor, above Crutcher & Starks, Fourth and Jefferson; telephone 1946.

**WANTED**—Front room, with board, by young couple; must be first-class. Address **BOARDER**, 634 Fourth ave.

**WANTED—MALE HELP.**  
WANTED—Are you dissatisfied with your work? Our free booklet, "Are You Unhappy Tied?" tells how we have helped thousands in a number of similar positions in more congenial and profitable lines of work. Write INTERNATIONAL CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOLS, box 1654, Scranton, Pa., or call day or evening at the Louisville office, 436 W. Jefferson st.

WANTED—Educated, reliable representative to take charge of an agency; permanent employment; good income; no experience necessary. Write to International Correspondence Schools, Department, CORRESPONDENCE INSTITUTE OF AMERICA, B 38, Scranton, Pa.

WANTED—THE NATIONAL FOUNDERS' ASSOCIATION will pay at least \$175 per day for a few good machinery floor molders, to work in Chicago, Ill. Permanent employment and no trouble. Address Box 410, Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—2 watchman, collector, 5 drivers, 2 stenographers, officeman, clerks, timekeeper, janitor, housemen, coachmen, porters, etc. Apply 218 W. Jefferson.

HOME EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.

WANTED—Greatest money-making economic discovery, revolutionizing one necessity of life. Want hunter in every county. Splendid inducements.

WANTED-KENTUCKY TITLE SA  
INGS BANK has position for young man  
of good appearance who can come well  
recommended. Cor. Fifth and Court Place.  
WANTED-Everywhere, hustlers to tack  
signs, distribute circulars, samples, etc.;  
no canvassing; good pay. SUN ADVER  
TISING BUREAU, Chicago.  
WANTED-Young man of good character

and ability to canvass city on salary or commission. Address, giving age and references, Y 11, this office.

WANTED—Carriage painters, trimmers and gear mounters. Address BROWN CARRIAGE CO., Cincinnati, O.

WANTED—Boys to distribute papers. Apply to H. HILDESHEIM, at J. B. Bacon & Sons.

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**WANTED—FEMALE HELP.**

WANTED—Girls, pants hands; experienced on power machine; best wages.

paid to first-class hands. MARCUS  
BROS., 12 East Pearl st., Cincinnati, O.

WANTED—Intelligent ladies willing to  
work faithfully for good pay. Apply at  
Room 40 Courier-Journal Office Bldg., 11  
s. m. to 3 p. m.

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**FOR RENT—HOUSES.**

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FOR RENT—620 W. CHESTNUT ST.—An  
elegant private residence, suitable for  
first-class boarding-house, in central part  
of city; it has 16 rooms, with all modern  
conveniences, and stable and serv-  
ants quarters. Apply to CHAS. E. LEE,  
100 W. Chestnut st., Cincinnati, O.

TRUST AND SAFETY VAULT CO., 306  
to 216 Fifth st.

FOR RENT—2639 W. JEFFERSON ST.—  
A neat frame dwelling of 8 rooms, with  
conveniences, for \$18 per month. Apply to  
FIDELITY TRUST AND SAFETY  
VAULT CO., 306 to 216 Fifth st.

FOR RENT—Business houses on Main,  
Market, Jefferson and Fourth streets at  
reasonable prices. For particulars inquire  
of FIDELITY TRUST AND SAFETY  
VAULT CO., 306 to 216 Fifth st.

FOR RENT—A suitable building in the  
heart of the city, for the opportunity  
for an experienced restaurant man; city  
in need of a first-class cafe. Address Local

**FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.**  
FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN—Chandeliers, different sizes, for gas or for oil lamps, suitable for churches and halls; also bracket lights and a large lot of globes. Apply to or address **MANAGER MUSIC HALL, Louisville, Ky.**

**FOR SALE—**Barrel house and saloon, located in a colored district; having a good trade and clearing about \$300 per month. Good reasons for selling. **ROTENBURGER & TURNER, 43 W. Jefferson.**

**FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.**

**FOR SALE—A SURE BARGAIN**—Three nearly new well-finished cottages, 4 rooms, cellar and 2 porches each, on Bank and Twenty-fourth sts. Four 3-room cottages on Lytle, west of Twenty-fourth; good as new; lots to all \$35.00 to alley each. Will be sold separately or in bulk. A delightful home or profitable investment. **ROTHENBURGER & TURNER,** 429 W. Jefferson st.

**PERSONAL.**

**PERSONAL**—Dr. Edmondson's Tansy, Pennyroyal and Cotton Root Pills cure suppressed menstruation; must not take during pregnancy, as mishap will follow; mail 50c. for trial box. Frank Edmondson & Bro., Manufacturing Chemists, 29 Broad st., Atlanta, Ga.

**PERSONAL**—Ladies, La Coute's Pennyroyal, Tansy and Cotton Root Pills positively relieve suppressed menses. Must not use during pregnancy. Mail 50c. for trial box. By mail, 1. LA COUTE MED. CO., Richmond, Va.

**PERSONAL**—Ladies—\$600 reward for a case of chronic suppressed menses, any cause, my monthly regulator fails to relieve. *Intermex, Vegetable, safe, sure.* DR. JACKSON R. CO., R. 16, 16

Dearborn, Chicago.











**FOR SCHOLTZ**

**Verdict In Suit By the Denunzio.**

**HOLDS STOCK AS GIFT.**

**NEGROES INDICTED FOR STEALING WHISKY.**

**POLITICIANS SAY NOT GUILTY.**

A verdict was returned yesterday in the Common Pleas division in favor of Charles Scholtz, Jr., in the suit of the Charles Scholtz and Safety Vault Company to recover \$10,000 from him, the value of twenty shares of stock in the Joseph Denunzio Fruit Company.

Mr. Scholtz gave his notes for the stock to Mr. Joseph Denunzio, deceased, the founder of the firm, and testified that Mr. Denunzio had turned over the notes in his presence as an evidence that the stock was made a gift to him. Mr. Aaron Kohn testified that Mr. Denunzio had told him of destroying the notes before Mr. Scholtz, and it was a return for long and faithful services.

Mrs. Denunzio and her daughter were the main witnesses for the receiver and they testified that Mr. Kohn had stated to them in a conversation at Mr. Denunzio's death, that he knew nothing about Mr. Scholtz's stock.

**Indicted For Stealing Whisky.**

The grand jury yesterday indicted Wyland Hall, Arthur Brown, Cliff Caldwell, William Barker, William Slaughter and Ed O'Hannon, colored, on the charge of stealing whisky, the property of Bernheim Bros.

Three other indictments were presented and all were for thefts of various character. They were as follows:

King Stevenson, charged with stealing a watch and a lot of clothing, the property of M. D. Boasting; Daisy Fisher, charged with stealing a silk dress and other clothing, the property of Mary Bivens; King Stevenson, charged with stealing a watch, the property of Emma Bryant. These were on the general charge of grand larceny.

Maggie Booker got off with a petty larceny indictment, charging her with stealing an overcoat, the property of James Collins.

The grand jury adjourned to meet this morning at 10 o'clock.

**Wants Pole Removed.**

Hilpp, Richardson & Co. are the lessees of the property at 633 West Main street. The Home Telephone Company in placing its poles aimed to locate one on Nelson street, in the rear of Hilpp, Richardson & Co., and had dug a hole for the location of a pole. The latter company yesterday entered suit for an injunction to compel the company to fill the hole and to prevent it from erecting any pole at this point.

The plaintiff's contention is that evil-minded persons could use the pole, if erected, and its crossarms as an available means of entering the upper floors of its building.

**All Pledged Not Guilty.**

A. Jacobson, Max Louis, Herman Lochner, Emanuel Pareto, F. H. Hart and Victor Quigley, against whom a corrected indictment was returned Monday on the charge of breaking into the rooms of the Republican County Executive Committee and destroying a lot of ballots, were arraigned yesterday. They pleaded not guilty and gave bond. The case was set for trial on January 29.

**Two Criminal Convictions.**

Two criminal convictions resulted yesterday in the criminal division:

Baker Breckore, eight years in the penitentiary for breaking into the house of John Davis.

J. M. Higgins, sixty days in the workhouse for selling mortgaged property.

**Wants Her Children, Too.**

Suit was entered yesterday by Mary M. Burns for divorce from Robert H. Burns on the alleged ground of abandonment. They were married May 6, 1900. Mrs. Burns seeks for the custody of their three children.

**Court Paragraphs.**

—David Fitzgerald sued H. N. Martin & Co. for \$2,500 damages for injuries received in an elevator accident.

—Mrs. Winnie Smith sued the Louisville Railway Company for \$5,000 damages for injuries received in being thrown from a car at Ninth and Walnut streets.

—H. H. Burris entered suit against Catherine Flahive to enforce a lien of \$17.16 on the property situated on the east side of Eleventh street, 1214 feet north of Kentucky.

—Fred E. Stevens entered suit against the Insurance Security Company for \$100,000 damages for fire loss. He charges misrepresentation, fraud and deceit, and asks for \$50,000 damages.

—E. G. Reimers sued Ira A. Pace and Nellie W. Pace to enforce an alleged contract for the conveyance of the property situated on the east side of Eleventh street, between Cawthon and Breckinridge.

—A verdict was given in the Law and Equity division in favor of John Fisher in the suit against him of Louis Waterman by Rachel Waterman for \$2,000 damages for injuries received by being struck by Fisher's wagon.

Suit was entered by William J. Dalmazzo against May M. Simmons, J. G. Simmons and George W. Simmons to enforce a lien of \$1,431 on the property situated on the north side of Pearl street 1635 feet east of Floyd.

—The Melton Undertaking Establishment, 710 West Chestnut street, filed suit against Nannie Lind say for injuries received in falling down the steps in a dark hallway at 234 West Walnut street, where Mrs. Lindsay kept a boarding-house.

**City Court Docket.**

Disorderly Conduct—John Thompson, Laura Thompson, Lily Thompson, dismissed. Mattie Lee, November 27.

Disorderly Conduct and Drunkenness—Frank Byrne, November 27. Lou Page, November 27.

Housebreaking—Charles Beiler, November 27.

Suspected Felon—George Martin, November 27.

Malignant Assault—James Tarpley, November 27.

Grand Larceny—Tom Shack, Richard Jackson, November 27.

**Court of Appeals.**

Frankfort, Ky., Nov. 19.—Present: Chief Justice Payton, Judges Burnham, Hobson and White.

Dennett, etc., vs. Bennett, etc., Meade; affirmed.

Board of Councilmen of Frankfort vs. Deposit Bank, Franklin; reversed.

Underwood vs. Underwood's administrator, re-Craddock delay; affirmed.

Ward, trustee, vs. Shire, executor, Bourbon; reversed.

Gray-street Infirmary vs. city of Louisville, Jefferson Chancery; affirmed.

Fordville, Bankers' Company vs. Thompson, etc., Trigg; reversed.

Winston's administrator vs. Illinois Central Railway Company, McCracken; reversed.

Quinn vs. Commonwealth, Boyle; petition for rehearing overruled.

L. and N. Railroad Company vs. Hockler, Boyle; response delivered and petition for rehearing overruled.

Browder, etc., vs. Long's executor, Logan; order of consolidation set aside.

Read, etc., vs. Schmidt, etc., Shelby; motion to advance and motion for oral argument sustained, and case passed for argument to the January term.

Coleman, etc., vs. Coleman, etc., Jefferson; case advanced for decision.

Maze, etc., vs. Carman, Hardin; motion to affirm as a stay case overruled.

Mason vs. Moore, etc., Nelson; motion for oral argument sustained and case continued for argument.

Shields, etc., vs. Lewis, Nelson; motion of the appellee for a writ of certiorari sustained and writ ordered to issue.

Hunley, etc., vs. Singleton, etc., Lincoln; motion to advance sustained and case passed for argument to the January term.

P. C. C. and St. L. Railway Company vs. Dodd, Jefferson; appearance of the Louisville Bridge Company entered; stipulation made as to the record, and the case resubmitted.

Teller, etc., trustees, vs. Fidelity Trust and Safety Vault Co., Jefferson; petition for rehearing denied.

Gleason's administrator vs. Peter & Burghard Stone Co., Jefferson; grounds for appeal sustained and case passed for argument to the January term.

Bohner's executor vs. Laughlin, executor, Bracken; appellee filed fifteen days' demand to file petition for rehearing.

Board of Councilmen of Frankfort vs. Fidelity Trust and Safety Vault Company, Frankfort; appellee filed a response to the petition for rehearing.

Taylor vs. Commonwealth, same vs. same, and Tatum vs. same, on motion of the Commonwealth vs. Gassard, Jefferson; statements of the Commonwealth's Attorney filed and appeal dismissed on appeal.

Trabue vs. Commonwealth, Jefferson; submitted.

Unsubscribed vs. Augustus, Jefferson; argued by H. M. Lane for appellee and W. F. Libbey for appellant and November 19. Court adjourned until to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock.

**Court of Appeals Decisions.**

—Bills and Notes—Conditional Acceptance of Order—Payment—Trimbles Bros. vs. H. M. Lane, 1901. Appeal from the Circuit Court of Jefferson County, Kentucky, affirmed.

—Where plaintiff received from defendants an order payable to them which was cashed by reason of a condition which never happened, and there was no evidence that the drawers were indebted to the plaintiff, and nothing was ever collected by plaintiff on the order, though the order was cashed, and the plaintiff collected the money, which was all he agreed to do, defendants were not entitled to have the order of the order credited on the debt sued on.

Lewis Apperson for appellants.

—Banks and Banking—Liability for Negligence of Correspondent—Failure to Deliver—Correspondent as to Cause of Delay—Selling to Bank for Collection of Note—National Bank of Louisville, Ky., vs. Merchants' National Bank of New Albany, Ind., 1901. Appeal from the Circuit Court of Jefferson County, Kentucky, affirmed.

—First—A bank is not liable to its customer for negligence of its correspondent as to the collection of a note where there was no negligence in the selection of the correspondent.

—Second—While defendant bank was not negligent in sending to another bank for collection notes against a correspondent of which the latter bank was not a correspondent, yet upon failing to hear from its correspondent immediately after the maturity of the notes the defendant should have made inquiry and notified its customer of the delay and until after its correspondent had failed to deliver the money the defendant is liable for the loss.

—Third—The correspondent's failure to present the notes for payment or to protect them from loss is not a defense to the plaintiff's claim against its position that the defendant bank was negligent in not making inquiry of the notes and that no notice was given plaintiff of their nonpayment or to what bank they had been sent until a certain date, and that the notes were not presented for payment and not protected by reason of the delay.

—Fourth—After defendant bank failed to hear from its correspondent after the maturity of the notes and failed to make inquiry of the notes and failed to notify plaintiff as to the cause of the delay was presented.

—Fifth—After defendant bank failed to hear from its correspondent after the maturity of the notes and failed to make inquiry of the notes and failed to notify plaintiff as to the cause of the delay was presented.

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—Tenth—After defendant bank failed to hear from its correspondent after the maturity of the notes and failed to make inquiry of the notes and failed to notify plaintiff as to the cause of the delay was presented.

—Eleventh—After defendant bank failed to hear from its correspondent after the maturity of the notes and failed to make inquiry of the notes and failed to notify plaintiff as to the cause of the delay was presented.

—Twelfth—After defendant bank failed to hear from its correspondent after the maturity of the notes and failed to make inquiry of the notes and failed to notify plaintiff as to the cause of the delay was presented.

—Thirteenth—After defendant bank failed to hear from its correspondent after the maturity of the notes and failed to make inquiry of the notes and failed to notify plaintiff as to the cause of the delay was presented.

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—Seventeenth—After defendant bank failed to hear from its correspondent after the maturity of the notes and failed to make inquiry of the notes and failed to notify plaintiff as to the cause of the delay was presented.

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—Ninetieth—After defendant bank failed to hear from its correspondent after the maturity of the notes and failed to make inquiry of the notes and failed to notify plaintiff as to the cause of the delay was presented.

—Ninety-first—After defendant bank failed to hear from its correspondent after the maturity of the notes and failed to make inquiry of the notes and failed to notify plaintiff as to the cause of the delay was presented.

—Ninety-second—After defendant bank failed to hear from its correspondent after the maturity of the notes and failed to make inquiry of the notes and failed to notify plaintiff as to the cause of the delay was presented.

—Ninety-third—After defendant bank failed to hear from its correspondent after the maturity of the notes and failed to make inquiry of the notes and failed to notify plaintiff as to the cause of the delay was presented.

—Ninety-fourth—After defendant bank failed to hear from its correspondent after the maturity of the notes and failed to make inquiry of the notes and failed to notify plaintiff as to the cause of the delay was presented.

—Ninety-fifth—After defendant bank failed to hear from its correspondent after the maturity of the notes and failed to make inquiry of the notes and failed to notify plaintiff as to the cause of the delay was presented.

—Ninety-sixth—After defendant bank failed to hear from its correspondent after the maturity of the notes and failed to make inquiry of the notes and failed to notify plaintiff as to the cause of the delay was presented.

—Ninety-seventh—After defendant bank failed to hear from its correspondent after the maturity of the notes and failed to make inquiry of the notes and failed to notify plaintiff as to the cause of the delay was presented.

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## FOR SCHOLTZ

**Verdict In Suit By the Denunzio.**

**HOLDS STOCK AS GIFT.**

**NEGROES INDICTED FOR STEALING WHISKY.**

**POLITICIANS SAY NOT GUILTY.**

A verdict was returned yesterday in the Common Pleas division in favor of Charles Scholtz, Jr., in the suit of the Charles Scholtz and Safety Vault Company to recover \$10,000 from him, the value of twenty shares of stock in the Joseph Denunzio Fruit Company.

Mr. Scholtz gave his notes for the stock to Mr. Joseph Denunzio, deceased, the founder of the firm, and testified that Mr. Denunzio had turned over the notes in his presence as an evidence that the stock was made a gift to him. Mr. Aaron Kohn testified that Mr. Denunzio had told him of destroying the notes before Mr. Scholtz, and it was a return for long and faithful services.

Mrs. Denunzio and her daughter were the main witnesses for the receiver and they testified that Mr. Kohn had stated to them in a conversation at Mr. Denunzio's death, that he knew nothing about Mr. Scholtz's stock.

**Indicted For Stealing Whisky.**

The grand jury yesterday indicted Wyland Hall, Arthur Brown, Cliff Caldwell, William Barker, William Slaughter and Ed O'Hannon, colored, on the charge of stealing whisky, the property of Bernheim Bros.

Three other indictments were presented and all were for thefts of various character. They were as follows:

King Stevenson, charged with stealing a watch and a lot of clothing, the property of M. D. Boasting; Daisy Fisher, charged with stealing a silk dress and other clothing, the property of Mary Bivens; King Stevenson, charged with stealing a watch, the property of Emma Bryant. These were on the general charge of grand larceny.

Maggie Booker got off with a petty larceny indictment, charging her with stealing an overcoat, the property of James Collins.

The grand jury adjourned to meet this morning at 10 o'clock.

**Wants Pole Removed.**

Hilpp, Richardson & Co. are the lessees of the property at 633 West Main street. The Home Telephone Company in placing its poles aimed to locate one on Nelson street, in the rear of Hilpp, Richardson & Co., and had dug a hole for the location of a pole. The latter company yesterday entered suit for an injunction to compel the company to fill the hole and to prevent it from erecting any pole at this point.

The plaintiff's contention is that evil-minded persons could use the pole, if erected, and its crossarms as an available means of entering the upper floors of its building.

**All Pledged Not Guilty.**

A. Jacobson, Max Louis, Herman Lochner, Emanuel Pareto, F. H. Hart and Victor Quigley, against whom a corrected indictment was returned Monday on the charge of breaking into the rooms of the Republican County Executive Committee and destroying a lot of ballots, were arraigned yesterday. They pleaded not guilty and gave bond. The case was set for trial on January 29.

**Two Criminal Convictions.**

Two criminal convictions resulted yesterday in the criminal division:

Baker Breckore, eight years in the penitentiary for breaking into the house of John Davis.

J. M. Higgins, sixty days in the workhouse for selling mortgaged property.

**Wants Her Children, Too.**

Suit was entered yesterday by Mary M. Burns for divorce from Robert H. Burns on the alleged ground of abandonment. They were married May 6, 1900. Mrs. Burns seeks for the custody of their three children.

**Court Paragraphs.**

—David Fitzgerald sued H. N. Martin & Co. for \$2,500 damages for injuries received in an elevator accident.

—Mrs. Winnie Smith sued the Louisville Railway Company for \$5,000 damages for injuries received in being thrown from a car at Ninth and Walnut streets.

—H. H. Burris entered suit against Catherine Flahive to enforce a lien of \$17.16 on the property situated on the east side of Eleventh street, 1214 feet north of Kentucky.

—Fred E. Stevens entered suit against the Insurance Security Company for \$100,000 damages for fire loss. He charges misrepresentation, fraud and deceit, and asks for \$50,000 damages.

—E. G. Reimers sued Ira A. Pace and Nellie W. Pace to enforce an alleged contract for the conveyance of the property situated on the east side of Eleventh street, between Cawthon and Breckinridge.

—A verdict was given in the Law and Equity division in favor of John Fisher in the suit against him of Louis Waterman by Rachel Waterman for \$2,000 damages for injuries received by being struck by Fisher's wagon.

Suit was entered by William J. Dalmazzo against May M. Simmons, J. G. Simmons and George W. Simmons to enforce a lien of \$1,431 on the property situated on the north side of Pearl street 1635 feet east of Floyd.

—The Melton Undertaking Establishment, 710 West Chestnut street, filed suit against Nannie Lindsay for injuries received in falling down the steps in a dark hallway at 234 West Walnut street, where Mrs. Lindsay kept a boarding-house.

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## SUCCESSFUL

**Meeting of Daughters of Confederacy.**

**THE WILMINGTON SESSION**

**ATTENDANCE WAS LARGE AND INTEREST WAS MARKED.**

**A REVIEW OF THE WORK.**

The convention of the United Daughters of the Confederacy, which has just closed its eighth annual session in Wilmington, N. C., was more generally attended than any of the previous ones, and the harmony which prevailed among the delegates proved how deeply all were interested in the work which they have undertaken.

Mrs. Weed, of Florida, the retiring president, was an ideal executive officer.